

## Supplemental Problems 4

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1. Mass enters an open system with one inlet and one exit at a constant rate of 50 kg/min. At the exit, the mass flow rate is 60 kg/min. If the system initially contains 1000 kg of working fluid, determine:
  - a)  $dm/dt$ , treating the tank as a system
  - b) the time when the system mass becomes 500 kg.
  
2. Steam enters an insulated tank through a valve. At a given instant, the mass of steam in the tank is found to be 10 kg, and the conditions at the inlet are measured as follows:  $A = 50 \text{ cm}^2$ ,  $V = 31 \text{ m/s}$ , and  $\rho = 0.6454 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . Determine:
  - a)  $dm/dt$ , treating the tank as a system
  - b) assuming the inlet conditions and tank contents remain unchanged, determine the mass of steam in the tank after 10 s.
  
3. Steam enters a mixing chamber at 100 kPa, 20 m/s and a specific volume of  $0.4 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$ . Liquid water at 100 kPa and  $25^\circ\text{C}$  enters the chamber through a separate duct with a flow rate of 50 kg/s and a velocity of 5 m/s. If liquid water leaves the chamber at 100 kPa,  $43^\circ\text{C}$ , 5.58 m/s and a volumetric flow rate of  $3.357 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$ . Assume liquid water density to be  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and steady state operation, then determine the port areas (in  $\text{cm}^2$ ) at:
  - a) the inlets
  - b) the exit.